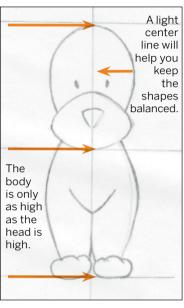
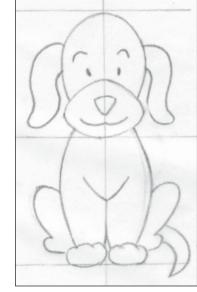


## What you need

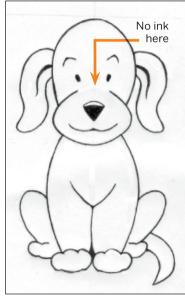
Pencil, eraser and markers.



Starting with the muzzle, sketch out the shapes that L make up the head and then the body. A very light guideline down the center of your page will keep your puppy straight. Notice that the line between the puppy's legs looks like the letter "Y."



Using the guidelines, ſ sketch in the puppy's ears, legs and tail. It may help you to measure from the center line to keep both sides the same.



Gently erase your guidelines. A kneaded eraser works well for this. Ink in vour lines with a fine-point permanent marker. When the ink is completely dry, erase any pencil marks still showing.



With a brown marker or colored pencil, give your puppy a brown face and ears and then some spots on his body. If you don't have a brown marker, use orange or red.

Black accents on the body and around the face make it clear that our puppy is a beagle. A little gray cast shadow around the paws and tail gives him a surface to sit on.

## Contact:

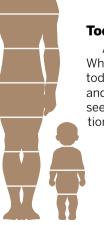
Amy Raudenbush Philadelphia Daily News 801 Market St. Philadelphia, PA 19107

Or email art@phillynews.com.



## **Puppy proportions**

What's the difference between a puppy and an adult dog? It's not just the overall size. Baby animals have larger heads in proportion to their bodies. Our cartoon puppy is only 2 heads high; a fullgrown dog may be 4 to 6 heads tall. Look at these silhouettes; do you see any other differences in the shape of the puppy compared with the dog?



## **Toddler** proportions

A 1-year-old child is about 4 heads tall. When compared to an 8-head-tall adult, the toddler appears to have a much larger head and smaller body. Another difference can be seen in the length of the child's limbs in relation to his torso.